

### **FACULTY OF COMPUTING AND INFORMATICS**

## DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATICS, JOURNALISM, AND MEDIA TECHNOLOGY

| QUALIFICATION: BACHELOR OF INFORMATICS AND BA   | ACHELOR OF COMPUTER SCIENCE |
|---|-----------------------------|
| QUALIFICATION CODE: 07BAIF/ 07BACS              | COURSE LEVEL: NQF LEVEL 5   |
| COURSE: BUSINESS MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEMS | COURSE CODE: BMC511S        |
| DATE: JUNE 2022                                 | SESSION: 1                  |
| DURATION: 2 Hours                               | MARKS: 100                  |

| FIRST OPPORTUNITY EXAMINATION QUESTION PAPER |                     |  |
|--|---------------------|--|
| EXAMINER(S):                                 | DR JUDE OSAKWE      |  |
|  |                     |  |
|  |                     |  |
| MACDEDATOR (C).                              |                     |  |
| MODERATOR (S):                               | DR EDMORE CHIKOHORA |  |

# THIS EXAMINATION PAPER CONSISTS OF 5 PAGES (INCLUDING THIS FRONT PAGE)

## Instructions for the students

- 1. Answer ALL the questions.
- 2. Write clearly and neatly.
- 3. Number the answers clearly.

| SE | CTIC                 | ON A: Multiple Choice Questions. One mark for each question   | on. [Total 20 Marks].            |
|----|----------------------|---|----------------------------------|
| 1. |                      | Ais a repository that stores current interest to decision-makers throughout the company.  A. data mart  | and historical data of potential |
|    |                      | <ul><li>B. database</li><li>C. data warehouse</li><li>D. none of the above</li></ul>  |                                  |
| 2. | B.<br>C.             | is a technology-driven process for and actionable information.  Business intelligence  Big Data  Business processes  Information Systems  | alyzing data and presenting      |
| 4. | В.<br>С.             | A subset of a data warehouse in which a summarized or organisation's data is placed in a separate database for a special  Transaction processing system  Data mart  ERP  Database |                                  |
| 5. | В.<br>С.             | Ais a collection of data organized to ser by centralizing the data and controlling redundant data.  Database Relation Big data Data cluster                                       | ve many applications efficiently |
| 6. | of<br>A.<br>B.<br>C. | is the software that manages resources an sharing internal memory among applications, handling input/programs.  Operating systems Hardware Users IBM                              |                                  |
| 7. | В.<br>С.             | is an example of a physical artifact Database People Hardware Network   |                                  |

| 8.  |     | Businesses continuously seek to improve the efficiency of their operations in order to               |
|-----|-----|--|
|     |     | improve profitability  |
|     | В.  | Increase production  |
|     | C.  | Increase sales   |
|     | D.  | Expand the company   |
| 9.  |     | A good example of strategic business objectives include:   |
|     | A.  | New products and services  |
|     | B.  | More employment  |
|     | C.  | More capital   |
|     |     | Increase in productivity   |
| 10. |     | Collect data from different firm functions and store data in single                                  |
|     |     | ntral data repository  |
|     |     | Enterprise Resource Planning   |
|     |     | Executive Support Systems  |
|     |     | Decision Support Systems   |
|     |     | Transaction Processing Systems   |
| 11  | υ.  | is a model of computing in which computer processing, storage, software and                          |
|     | or  | services are provided by a pool of virtualized resources over a network                              |
| Oti |     | Network Computing  |
|     |     | Cloud computing  |
|     |     |  |
|     |     | Database management  |
|     | υ.  | System administration  |
| 12  |     | manages firm's relationships with suppliers  |
|     | A.  | Supply Chain Management  |
|     | В.  | Customer Relationship Management   |
|     | C.  | Enterprise Resource Planning   |
|     | D.  | Executive Support Systems  |
| 13. | The | e following are tools for collaboration except   |
|     | A.  | Email  |
|     | В.  | Wikis  |
|     | C.  | Sharepoint   |
|     |     | None of the above  |
| 14. | Wh  | nich of the following is <i>not</i> one of the six strategic business objectives that businesses are |
|     |     | eking to achieve when they invest in information systems?  |
|     |     | Operational excellence   |
|     |     | Improved decision making   |
|     |     | Improved community relations   |
|     |     | Competitive advantage  |
| 15  | Д   | firm that invests in an information system because it is a necessity of doing business does so       |
|     |     | cause it is seeking to achieve which of the following business objectives?                           |
|     |     | A. Improved decision making  |
|     |     | B. Competitive advantage   |
|     |     | C. Customer intimacy   |
|     |     |  |

D. Survival

- 16. Walmart exemplifies the power of information systems coupled with state-of-the-art business practices and supportive management to achieve which of the following?
  - A. The development of new products and services
  - B. Operational efficiency
  - C. Survival

1. 1

- D Customer intimacy
- 17. To make sure it stocks clothes that its customers will purchase, a department store implements a new application that analyzes spending levels at its stores and cross-references this data to popular clothing styles. Which of the following business objectives is this information intended to support?
  - A. Customer intimacy
  - B. Survival
  - C. New business models
  - D. Supplier intimacy
- 18 All of the following describe the effects of globalization *except*:
  - A. significant decreases in operating costs.
  - B ability to reliably obtain price and quality information worldwide.
  - C increased ability to find low-cost suppliers.
  - D increases in transaction costs.
- The three activities in an information system that produce the information organizations use to make decisions, control operations, analyze problems, and create new products are:
  - A. information, research, and analysis.
  - B input, output, and feedback.
  - C data, information, and analysis.
  - D input, processing, and output.
- 20. Converting raw data into a more meaningful form is called:
  - A capturing.
  - B processing.
  - C organizing.
  - D feedback.
  - E inputting.

#### Section B: True or False. Circle the correct answer. One mark for each question. [Total 10 Marks].

- 1. Collaboration could be short lived or long term. True / False
- 2. An information system turns raw data into useful information for decision making. True / False
- 3. In order to be considered a digital firm, all of the firm's significant business relationships and core business processes must be digitally enabled. True / False
- 4. 8 bits represent a byte. True / False

- 5. The logical view of a database presents data as they would be perceived by end users or business specialists. **True / False**
- 6. Relational databases represent data as two-dimensional tables called relations. True / False
- 7. Spoofing is a type of eavesdropping program that monitors information travelling over a network. **True / False**
- 8. Expansion is the ability of a computer, product or system to expand to serve a large number of users without breaking down. **True / False**
- 9. A computer worm is a program that can copy itself to other computers on the network. Answer: **True / False**
- 10. Information systems literacy focuses primarily on knowledge of information technology. Answer: **True / False**

#### SECTION C. THEORY. ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

QUESTION ONE [Total 20 Marks]

a) List and explain 5 functions of an Information System in a business organisaton.

(0.5 marks listing, 2 marks explanations) [10 Marks]

b) Managing IT infrastructure can be challenging at times. Briefly outline the five (5) challenges faced by business organisations in this regard. [10 marks]

QUESTION TWO [Total 25 Marks]

a. What is cloud computing?

[3marks]

b. Outline the characteristics of Cloud computing

[10 marks]

c. Briefly explain the 3 types of services offered through the cloud

[12 marks]

QUESTION THREE [Total 25 Marks]

You are advising the owner of ABC Computers, a small local computer shop that repair and also builds custom computers to order on how to have superior competitive advantage over similar firms.

- i. What competitive strategies could ABC Computers employ?
- ii. Which competitive strategies may ABC Computers have difficulty executing?

[25 marks]